

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV

Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition

Accreditation



The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory

VDZ Technology gGmbH Toulouser Allee 71, 40476 Düsseldorf

is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 to carry out tests in the following fields:

Chemical, chemical-physical and physical-technological analysis of building materials and materials such as concrete, binders, granulated blast furnace slag, clinker, mortar, cement, cementitious binders, solids, metallic materials, aqueous solutions

The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 24.03.2021 with the accreditation number D-PL-18403-01. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 8 pages.

Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-18403-01-00

Berlin,

24.03.2021

Dr. Heike Manke

Head of Department

Translation issued:

24.02.2023

Head of Department

The certificate together with the annex reflects the status as indicated by the date of issue.

The current status of any given scope of accreditation can be found in the directory of accredited bodies maintained by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH at https://www.dakks.de/en/accredited-bodies-search.html.

This document is a translation. The definitive version is the original German accreditation certificate.

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig

The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf.

No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkkS.

The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products. DAkkS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Co-operation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations.

The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites:

EA: www.european-accreditation.org

ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Annex to the Accreditation Certificate D-PL-18403-01-00 according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018

Valid from: 24.03.2021Date of issue: 24.03.2021

Holder of certificate:

VDZ Technology gGmbH Toulouser Allee 71, 40476 Düsseldorf

Tests in the fields:

Chemical, chemical-physical and physical-technological analysis of building materials and materials such as concrete, binders, granulated blast furnace slag, clinker, mortar, cement, cementitious binders, solids, metallic materials, aqueous solutions

Within the scope of accreditation marked *, the testing laboratory is permitted to apply the listed standardised or equivalent test methods with different versions without obtaining prior notification and consent from DAkkS.

The testing laboratory has an up-to-date list of all test methods within the flexible scope of accreditation.

The management system requirements of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 are written in the language relevant to the operations of testing laboratories. Laboratories that conform to the requirements of this standard, operate generally in accordance with the principles of DIN EN ISO 9001.

The certificate together with the annex reflects the status as indicated by the date of issue.

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Abbreviations used: see last page Page 1 of 8

This document is a translation. The definitive version is the original German annex to the accreditation certificate.



Chemical and chemical-physical testing *

DIN EN 196-2 2013-10	Methods of testing cement – Part 2: Chemical analysis of cement
DIN EN 1911 2010-12	Stationary source emissions — Determination of mass concentration of gaseous chlorides expressed as HCl — Standard reference method
DIN EN 14789 2017-05	Stationary source emissions - Determination of volume concentration of oxygen - Standard reference method
DIN EN 14791 2017-05	Stationary source emissions - Determination of mass concentration of sulphur oxides - Standard reference method
DIN EN 15058 2017-05	Stationary source emissions - Determination of the mass concentration of carbon monoxide - Standard reference method: non-dispersive infrared spectrometry
DIN Technical Report CEN/TR 196-4 2007-11	Methods of testing cement - Part 4: Quantitative determination of constituents Section 7.2.2 Microscopic method
VDI 2456 2004-11	Measurement of gaseous emissions — Reference method for the determination of the sum of nitrogen monoxide and nitrogen dioxide — Ion chromatographic method
VDI 2470 Blatt 1 1975-10	Measurement of gaseous emissions; Measurement of gaseous fluorine compounds / Absorption method
VDI 3496 Blatt 1 1982-04	Measurement of gaseous emissions; Determination of basic nitrogen compounds ascertainable in sulphuric acid by absorption
VDI 3878 2017-09	Stationary source emissions - Measurement of ammonia (and gaseous ammonium compounds)



Chemical and chemical-physical testing – in-house methods

In-house method A-01-087 X-ray fluorescence analysis for the determination of main and minor constituents in cement and other solids

Determination of SiO₂, Al₂O₃, TiO₂, P₂O₅, Fe₂O₃, Mn₂O₃, CaO, MgO,

Determination of SiO₂, Al₂O₃, TiO₂, P₂O₅, Fe₂O₃, Mn₂O₃, CaO, MgO, SO₃, K₂O, Na₂O, S²⁻, Cl⁻, O₂ equivalent, C₃S, C₂S, C₃A, C₄AF, C₂F, KS, TM, SM, SG, CUE and calculation of the composition of cements with

several main constituents

In-house method A-01-099

2017-03

Determination of the glass content of granulated blast furnace slag in

accordance with ZKG International 47 (1994) issue 11, p. 658-661

Enumeration with the help of light microscopy

In-house method A-11-009

2018-01

Total N determination by the Kjeldahl method in biogenic input

materials and materials from the clinker burning process

In-house method A-11-015

2018-01

Photometric ammonium determination in aqueous solutions

In-house method A-11-024

2016-12

Ion chromatographic bromide determination in aqueous and sodium

alkaline solutions

In-house method A-14-001

2020-11

Phase analysis of cement by X-ray diffraction / Rietveld analysis

In-house method A-14-007

2011-07

Determination of granulated blast furnace slag content in cements by

X-ray diffraction / Rietveld analysis

Physical-technological testing *

DIN EN ISO 6892-1 Metallic materials – Tensile testing – Part 1: Method of test at room

2017-02 temperature (ISO 6892-1: 2016)

DIN EN 196-1 Methods of testing cement — Part 1: Determination of strength

2016-11

DIN EN 196-3 Methods of testing cement — Part 3: Determination of setting times

2017-03 and soundness

DIN EN 196-6 Methods of testing cement — Part 6: Determination of fineness

2019-03

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DIN EN 196-9 2010-07	Methods of te adiabatic metl	esting cement - Part 9: Heat of hy hod	dration - Semi-
DIN EN 413-2 2016-12	Masonry ceme Section 5.2: Section 5.3: Section 6: Section 7.2:	ent – Part 2: Test methods Determination of the consisten with the consistometer (refered Determination of the consisten with the flow table (alternative Determination of water retention Determination of air content; method	nce method) cy of fresh mortar method) on capacity
DIN EN 445 1996-07	Grout for pres	stressing tendons – Test methods	5
DIN EN 450-1 2012-10	criteria Section 5.3.2:	ncrete — Part 1: Definition, specification Determination of the activity ind Determination of initial set after	lex
DIN EN 932-1 1996-11	Test for gener sampling	al properties of aggregates – Par	t 1: Methods for
DIN EN 933-10 2009-10	_	netrical properties of aggregates ding of filler aggregates (air jet si	
DIN EN 1097-5 2008-06 and Corrigendum 1 2008-09		nanical and physical properties of n of the water content by drying i	
DIN EN 1097-7 2008-06 and Corrigendum 1 2008-09		nanical and physical properties of n of the particle density of filler —	
DIN EN 12350-2 2019-09	Testing fresh o	concrete – Part 2: Slump test	
DIN EN 12350-3 2019-09	Testing fresh o	concrete – Part 3: Vebe test	
DIN EN 12350-4 2019-09	Testing fresh o	concrete – Part 4: Degree of com	pactability



DIN EN 12350-5 2019-09	Testing fresh concrete – Part 5: Flow table test
DIN EN 12350-6 2019-09	Testing fresh concrete – Part 6: Density
DIN EN 12350-7 2019-09	Testing fresh concrete – Part 7: Air content – Pressure methods
DIN EN 12390-3 2019-10	Testing hardened concrete – Part 3: Compressive strength of test specimens
DIN EN 12390-5 2019-10	Testing hardened concrete – Part 5: Flexural strength of test specimens
DIN EN 12390-6 2010-09	Testing hardened concrete – Part 6: Tensile splitting strength of test specimens
DIN EN 12390-7 2019-10	Testing hardened concrete – Part 7: Density of hardened concrete
DIN EN 12390-8 2019-10	Testing hardened concrete – Part 8: Depth of penetration of water under pressure
DIN EN 12390-13 2014-06	Testing hardened concrete – Part 13: Determination of secant modulus of elasticity in compression
DIN EN 14651 2017-12	Test method for metallic fibre concrete – Measuring the flexural tensile strength (limit or proportionality (LOP), residual)
DIN EN 14790 2017-05	Stationary source emissions – Determination of the water vapour in ducts – Standard reference method
DIN EN 15167-1 2006-12	Ground granulated blast furnace slag for use in concrete, mortar and grout — Part 1: Definitions, specifications and conformity criteria Section 5.3.2.2: Determination of time to initial set Section 5.3.2.3: Determination of the activity index
DIN EN 15414-3 2011-05	Solid recovered fuels — Determination of moisture content using the oven dry method — Part 3: Moisture in general analysis sample
DIN 1048-1 1991-06	Test method for concrete, fresh concrete, fresh concrete temperature



DIN 1048-5 1991-06	Test method for concrete, modulus of elasticity
DIN 1048-5 1991-06	Test method for concrete, hardened concrete, specially prepared test specimens, moisture content
DIN 1048-5 1991-06	Test method for concrete, hardened concrete, specially prepared test specimens, impermeability to water
DIN 51718 2002-06	Testing of solid fuels – Determination of the water content and the moisture of analysis sample, method B
DIN 51904 2012-11	Testing of carbonaceous materials – Determination of water content – Solid matters
DIN 66133 1993-06	Determination of pore volume distribution and specific surface area of solids by mercury intrusion
DIN CEN/TS 12390-9 2017-03	Testing hardened concrete – Part 9: Freeze-thaw resistance with deicing salts – Scaling
DIN Technical Report CEN/TR 15177 2006-06	Testing the freeze-thaw resistance of concrete – Internal structural damage Section 7: Beam test Section 9: CIF method
DAfStb Heft 422 1991	Testing of concrete, recommendation and notes as a supplement to DIN 1048 – Duration of the ultrasonic pulse – Resonance frequency – Determination of carbonation depth
DAfStb Alkali-Richtlinie 2007-02	DAfStb guideline – Preventive measures against harmful alkali reaction in concrete (alkali guideline) – Broken alkali sensitive aggregates Annex A: Mortar quick test (alternative method)
DAfStb Alkali-Richtlinie 2013-10	DAfStb guideline – Preventive measures against harmful alkali reaction in concrete (alkali guideline) – Broken alkali-sensitive aggregates Annex B.1: Quick test method (reference method) Annex B.2: Concrete test with mist chamber storage (40 °C) Annex C: Concrete test at 60 °C



DAfStb-Richtlinie BUmwS,
March 2011 edition

DAfStb guideline on concrete construction when handling substances hazardous to water (BUmwS) Annex A.2 Ingress of water-polluting substances into non-cracked concrete, determination of the penetration depth of water-polluting substances

BAW leaflet on chloride

penetration resistance of concrete, chloride penetration resistance of concrete, chloride penetration test

NT BUILD 492 Chloride migration test in accordance with NT BUILD 492 1999-11

DIN EN 480-11:2005 Determination of air void characteristics in hardened concrete

DAfStb Heft 422: 1991 Determination of air void characteristics in hardened concrete –

Microscopic air void analysis (1981 version)

Physical-technological testing - in-house methods

edition

In-house method A-04-001 60 °C concrete test with alkali supply 2016-11 In-house method A-04-002 60 °C concrete test without alkali supply 2016-11 In-house method A-07-004 Determination of grain-size distribution of fine-grained substances 2018-06 with the air jet sieve machine In-house method A-07-006 Determination of grain-size distribution of fine-grained substances 2011-12 with the tower sieve machine In-house method A-07-007 Determination of grain-size distribution of powdery substances with 2018-12 the laser diffraction spectrometer (CILAS) In-house method A-10-001 Determination of sieve residue and production of grain fractions 2018-12 In-house method A-10-025 Determination of initial set with the 2006-02 "ToniSET" machine In-house method A-10-034 Determination of fineness with the Blaine machine

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2019-11

"Dyckerhoff system"



In-house method A-10-047 Fineness of fly ash for concrete in accordance with test methods for

2011-11 geometric properties of aggregates as per DIN EN 933-10

In-house method A-14-034 Testing of the sulphate resistance of cement using the Wittekindt,

2016-01 SVA and CEN methods

Abbreviations used:

BAW Bundesanstalt für Wasserbau (Federal Waterways Engineering and Research Institute)

DAfStb Deutscher Ausschuss für Stahlbeton (German Committee for Structural Concrete)

DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V. (German Institute for Standardisation)

EN European standard

NT Nordtest